Preventing Non-Medically Indicated Deliveries Before 39 Weeks: Recognizing Success

April 22, 2014





Webinar Agenda

- Welcome & Introductions Kathy Wallace
- Overview of IHA Timeline of Early Elective Delivery Activities – Kathy Wallace
- Explanation of Banner Program Lori Reeves, March of Dimes
- Rollout in Indiana Kathy Wallace
- Wrap-up/ Questions Kathy Wallace





2009: Anthem places a question on their scorecard asking if the hospital has a Hard Stop Policy in place.

2010: March of Dimes Toolkit Published in Oct.

June 2012: The CMS
Partnership for
Patients announces
a focus on reducing
early elective
deliveries to 3% or
less, also asking all
hospitals to adopt a
hard stop policy.

Jan. 2013: ISDH forms the Indiana Perinatal Quality Improvement Collaborative. The Quality Improvement Committee elects to recommend content for a hard stop policy to finalize efforts and ensure the content of policies and procedures in place across the state.

Early Elective Delivery Timeline – Indiana Activities

Sept. 2010: The Indiana
Perinatal Network hosts its
first Hospital Summit with
co-sponsorship from the
Indiana Hospital
Association and the Indiana
State Department of
Health. Adoption of Hard
Stop Policies is a focus of
the event.

April 2012: The Indiana Hospital Association Board passes a resolution asking all hospitals in Indiana to adopt a hard stop policy.

Jan. 2013: CMS requires Early Elective Delivery Rates (JC PC-01) to be collected and reported by all IPPS hospitals.

Jan. 2014? IPQIC approves a recommended hard stop policy for implementation.



IHA Board Resolution

Hard Stop:

- Meet medical staff approved criteria
- Do not allow medical staff to schedule without receiving approval from medical staff leadership



Early Elective Delivery Resolution Board of Directors of the Indiana Hospital Association April 12, 2012

WHEREAS, Indiana's hospitals are committed to creating systems of care that prevent harm to patients; and

WHEREAS, research has shown that early elective delivery < 39 weeks without medical or obstetrical indication is linked to neonatal morbidities with no benefit to the mother or infant. Complications include increased adverse outcomes and death, NICU admissions, adverse respiratory outcome, transient tachypnea of the newborn, newborn sepsis, treated hypoglycemia, CPR or ventilation and extended length of stay; and

WHEREAS, the American Congress of Obstetricians and Gynecologists (ACOG) publications, (1979, 1999, 2009), The Joint Commission, the Center for Medicare & Medicaid Services, the March of Dimes, the Indiana Perinatal Network, the March of Dimes, the Indiana State Department of Health, and the OMPP have advised against non-medically indicated elective deliveries prior to 39 weeks gestation; and

WHEREAS, quality improvement initiatives are known to be effective in reducing early elective deliveries and successful initiatives are data-driven, involve multidisciplinary teams, and reference specific guidelines; and

WHEREAS, the guidelines for early elective delivery should be adopted by the medical staff and include indications such as those identified by both ACOG and The Joint Commission (Appendix A); and

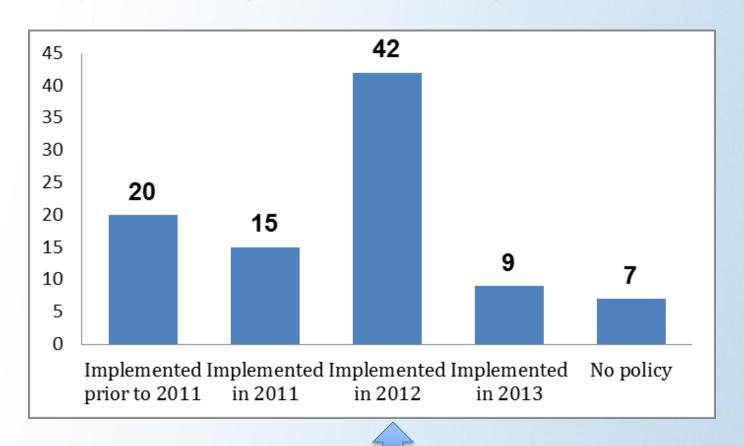
WHEREAS, best practice is a "hard stop" policy enforced by strong medical staff leadership for all elective deliveries which does not allow medical staff to schedule an early elective delivery without meeting criteria or receiving approval from medical staff leadership; and hospitals who have implemented a hard stop policy have virtually eliminated early elective deliveries;

BE IT RESOLVED THEREFORE, that the Board of Directors of the Indiana Hospital Association encourages every Indiana hospital to adopt a hard stop policy to prevent early elective deliveries; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Board of Directors directs the Indiana Hospital Association staff to provide resources on developing and implementing an early elective delivery hard stop to its members in collaboration with the March of Dimes, the Indiana Perinatal Network, the Indiana State Department of Health, the Indiana State Medical Association and the OMPP.



Adoption of Hard Stop Policies









Early Elective Delivery Rates





Preventing Non-Medically Indicated Deliveries Before 39 Weeks:

Recognizing Success

Lori Reeves April 22, 2014



March of Dimes Mission

To improve the health of babies by preventing birth defects, premature birth and infant mortality.



Fund Research to understand the problem and discover answers.



Help Moms have full-term pregnancies and healthy babies.



Support Families comforting them when their baby needs help to survive and thrive.





Measure Overview

I-PC-01 **Elective Delivery** Center for Mississippi Health Policy

ISSUE BRIEF IVERIES IN MISSISSIPPI Impact on Health and Medical Care Costs

PUBLISHED NOVEMBER 2013

Patients with elective vaginal deliveries or elective cesar

Strong Start for Mothers and Newborns

Initiative: Effort to Reduce Early Elective

Deliveries

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

For decades, organizations like the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists (ACOG) and naturally

THE**LEAPFROG**GROUP



percent of all

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New Data: Early Elective Deliveries Decline at Hospitals as Health Leaders Caution Against Unnecessary Deliveries

of dimes'

Washington, DC, February 21, 2013 - The employer-driven hospital quality watchdog, The Leapfrog Group,

WHY THIS IS IMPORTANT



Indiana EED Initiative

Purpose: To work collectively to improve neonatal outcomes by supporting policies and practices to reduce EED <39 wks and to recognize achievement in this area

Content:

- Quality Recognition- March of Dimes Banner
- Public Education

Criteria:

- Hard Stop Policy
- 3% or less EED rate for last two quarters



Recognizing Success: Quality Banner

For hospitals that have successfully reduced EED rates to 3% or lower, we offer recognition through our Banner program. In addition to the banner, we also provide a press release template.



Eligibility for Banner

- Rate of EED below 3% as measure by JC PC-01
- Data provided for a least two consecutive quarters showing rate below 3% for each quarter - must include monthly data with numerators and denominators
- Does the hospital have a written policy in place regarding non-medically indicated deliveries less than 39 weeks gestational age? (Must use IPQIC format)
- Does the written policy clearly define medical indications for deliveries less than 39 weeks?
- Does the hospital have a process to track and monitor the rate of non-medically indicated deliveries less than 39 weeks gestational age?

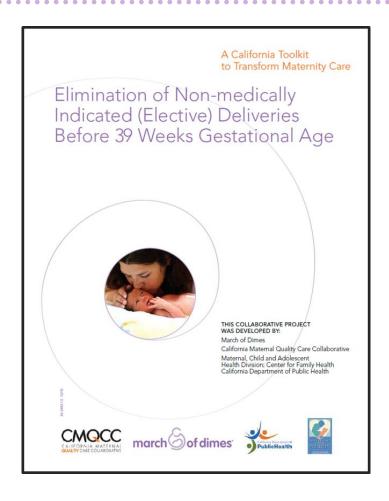


Resources for Hospitals

- Assistance with policy development
 - Final policy, consent form, and scheduling forms will be emailed to those on the phone call
- Multiple resources including slides for grand rounds, toolkit, articles, etc. at www.prematurityprevention.org

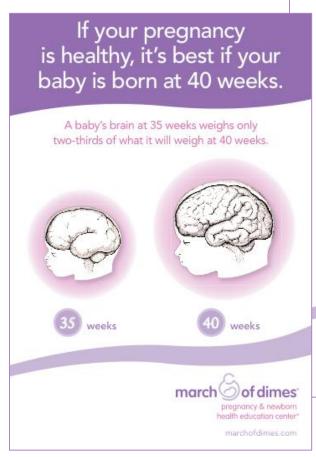


Elimination of Non-medically Indicated (Elective) Deliveries Before 39 Weeks Gestational Age Toolkit





Patient Education Resource Materials



- In the last 6 weeks of pregnancy, your baby's brain adds connections needed for balance, coordination, learning and social functioning. During this time, the size of your baby's brain almost doubles.
- Babies born early have more learning and behavior problems in childhood than babies born at 40 weeks.
- Babies born early are more likely to have feeding problems because they can't coordinate sucking, swallowing and breathing as well as full-term babies.
- Babies born early are likely to have breathing problems, like apnea. Apnea is when a baby stops breathing.
- Babies born early are more likely to die of sudden infant death syndrome (SIDS). SIDS is when a baby dies suddenly and unexpectedly, often during sleep.

To order our catalog or multiple copies of our materials, call 1-800-367-6630 #37-2229-07 Late-preterm Brain Development Card 2/08

March of Direcs materials are for information purposes only and are not to be used as medical advice. Aways seek medical advice from your health care provides. Our materials reflect current scientific recommendations at time of publication. Check march felmes corn for updated information. Modeled after a fetal brain card developed by the Healthy Babies. Are Worth the Waterd Intrinties.

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Patient Education Resource Materials



If your pregnancy is healthy, it's best to stay pregnant for at least **39 weeks.**

Lots of important things are happening to your baby in the last few weeks of pregnancy:

Important organs, like your baby's brain, lungs and liver, are still developing and growing.

A baby's brain at 35 weeks weighs only two-thirds of what it will weigh at 39 to 40 weeks.





35 weeks

39 to 40 weeks

march of dimes'
pregnancy & newborn
health education center'
marchofdimes.com

- Your baby's eyes and ears are still developing, too. Babies born too early are more likely to have vision and hearing problems later in life.
- Your baby is still learning to suck and swallow. Babies born early sometimes can't do these things.

39 weeks gives babies all the time they need to grow before they're born. Talk to your provider about things you can do to help you and your baby get to at least 39 weeks. Births scheduled before 39 weeks should only be for medical reasons.



To order our catalog or multiple copies of our materials, call (800) 367-6630. English: \$37-2525-10 Late Preterm Brain Development Plyer 12/10 Spanish: \$37-2527-10 Folleto del desarrollo cerebral prematuro casi a término

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Why the last weeks of pregnancy count









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- · Working to improve the health of babies worldwide
- Preventing premature birth
- Baby's first year









HBWW Consumer Campaign







Healthy Babies are Worth the Wait®

brain:

Really important things happen to a baby in the last few weeks of pregnancy. Babies need at least 39 weeks in the womb to fully grow and develop.

Here's what at least 39 weeks can do:

In the last 6 weeks of pregnancy, the size of a baby's brain almost doubles. This helps with things like balance, learning and behavior as he gets older. mouth: A baby has time to learn to suck and swallow so he can eat after he's born. liver: The liver and other organs grow and develop. eves and ears: Babies born at 39 weeks or later are less likely to have vision and hearing problems than babies born early.

More and more births are being scheduled a little early for non-medical reasons. This can cause problems for both mom and baby. If your pregnancy is healthy, it's best to stay pregnant until labor begins on its own.

For more information about a baby's growth and development, go to: marchofdimes.com/39weeks







The American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists WOMEN'S HEALTH CARE PHYSICIANS

Babies born at 39 weeks or later are less likely to have breathing problems than babies born early.

(Photo) Baby provided by Breastfeeding at Full Circl

New Campaign Materials 2012



Application Process

- 1. Fill out Application
- 2. Forward Application and Hard Stop Policy to kwallace@IHAconnect.org
- 3. March of Dimes reviews application, policy and data for eligibility
- 4. March of Dimes informs hospital and IHA if criteria are met or if further work is needed
- 5. Hospital may resubmit, if necessary
- 6. Hospitals meeting criteria are placed on a recognition list
- 7. Hospitals will receive banners at a third quarter regional patient safety coalition meeting and will be presented from IHA and March of Dimes representatives
- 8. Press releases will be available



Application

	INDIANA HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION PARTNERSHIP		
Hospita	l Name:		
Hospita	l Address:		
	information for person completing the checklist:		
Name:			
Title:			
Phone: Fmail			
Linaii.			
	POLICY AND PROCEDURES	YES	NO
1.	(REQUIRED) Does the hospital have a written policy in place regarding non-medically indicated deliveries less than 39 weeks gestational age?		
	Include a copy of the policy with this checklist		
2.	(REQUIRED) Does the written policy include a hard stop, as well as clearly define medical indications for deliveries less than 39 weeks?		
3.	(OPTIONAL) Does the hospital have procedures in place to monitor the scheduling of cesarean sections and inductions of labor prior to 39 weeks gestational age?		
	Include a copy of the procedures/protocol with this checklist		
	RATE		
4.	(REQUIRED) Does the hospital have a process to track and monitor the rate of non-medically indicated deliveries less than 39 weeks gestational age?		
	(REQUIRED) is the hospital's rate of non-medically indicated deliveries less than 39 weeks gestational age below 3% (rate must be for the two most recent calendar quarters)?		
	Provide the rate:		
	Describe how the rate was calculated:		
	DESCRIPTION THE MES COLUMNICA.		
	(OPTIONAL) Does the hospital submit its rate to a regulatory agency (e.g. The Joint Commission,		

(Continued on next page)	
To be signed by hospital leadership:	
Signature:	
Printed name:	
Title:	
Date:	
RELATIONSHIP WITH LOCAL MARCH OF DIMES CHAPTER	
Please tell us about the hospital's relationship with the local March of Dimes Chapter (check all that apply):	
☐ The hospital has a staff member (or members) that serve on March of Dimes Committee.	
The hospital has a staff member (or members) chair a March of Dimes Committee or event.	
□ The hospital sponsors Signature Chef Auction.	
□ The hospital sponsors March for Babies.	
□ The hospital sponsors Nurse of the Year.	
□ The hospital uses March of Dimes consumer education materials.	
□ The hospital receives March of Dimes community grant funding. List project:	
The hospital receives March of Dimes research grant funding. List project:	
© Other relationship, please describe:	
□ I don't know	
□ The hospital is NOT involved with the local March of Dimes chapter.	
Would you like to be connected to the local March of Dimes chapter? ☐ Yes ☐ No	



For more information:

March of Dimes contact:

Lori Reeves: (321) 274-8674

lreeves@marchofdimes.com

March of Dimes Indiana Chapter:

Minjoo Morlan mmorlan@marchofdimes.com

Indiana Hospital Association Contact:

Kathy Wallace: (317) 423-7740

kwallace@IHAconnect.org

To apply for a banner, email your application to:

kwallace@IHAconnect.org





Evaluation & Follow-up

- Webinar funded through the Partnership for Patients
- CMS reviews results and wants 80% of participants to evaluate educational sessions
- Please complete the simple three question evaluation by May 2, 2014:
 - https://www.surveymonkey.com/s/IHAMarchofDimes
- Link to evaluation, presentation, application, and webinar recording will be distributed to participants within one week and will be available on this website:
 - https://www.ihaconnect.org/Quality-Patient-Safety/Pages/Perinatal-Safety.aspx



Thank you!